

Galytska Eleonora

Professor, NaUKMA

Donkohlova Nataliia

Methodist of the highest category, NaUKMA

MODELING APPROACHES TO FINANCIAL POLICY

Modeling approaches to financial policy involve a range of techniques and methodologies used to analyze, predict, and influence financial systems and policies. These approaches are crucial for understanding and managing the complex dynamics of financial markets, economies, and fiscal policy decisions.

One of the most used modeling approaches in financial policy include is developing Econometric Models. These models use statistical techniques to analyze economic data. They can forecast economic trends, assess the impact of policy changes, and test economic theories.

Another less popular approach is developing System Dynamics Models. These models help in understanding the nonlinear behavior of complex systems over time using stocks, flows, internal feedback loops, and time delays.

Each approach offers unique insights and tools for policymakers, financial analysts, and economists to understand and manage financial systems effectively. The choice of model often depends on the specific policy question, the nature of the data available, and the complexity of the financial system under study.

Since the Department of Finance NaUKMA joined a System Dynamics (SD) and started to implement SD in teaching and research, we want to discuss benefits of this approach in more details.

System Dynamics is a powerful analytical tool that can help in understanding complex systems, such as the financial system in Ukraine, and the factors contributing to its behaviour and development. This approach allows for the identification of feedback loops and interdependencies between different variables in the system, providing a more comprehensive and holistic view of the problem. Additionally, SD allows for the simulation of various policy scenarios, enabling the

evaluation of the effectiveness of different policies and their potential unintended consequences. For instance, they can simulate the impact of changes in interest rates, government spending, or taxation policies on economic indicators like GDP, inflation, and unemployment. This helps in forecasting future trends and preparing for various possible outcomes. Moreover, this approach helps in understanding long-term consequences of policies, which is crucial in financial policy planning where short-term decisions can have significant long-term effects.

SD model and its analysis are performed using Stella Architect Software, which is an SD tool for creating and simulating models. It provides a graphical interface for building models using stocks, flows, and feedback loops, and allows users to test different scenarios and policies to see how they impact the system over time. Stella Architect is a product of isee-systems and is widely used in academic research, government, and industry for a range of applications, including business strategy, environmental policy, and public health planning.

Developed SD models can be used to assess the resilience of financial policies to external shocks like global economic crises, geopolitical events, or Macroeconomic destabilisation. This aids in developing strategies to manage risks, build stable financial system and support economic growth.

References

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