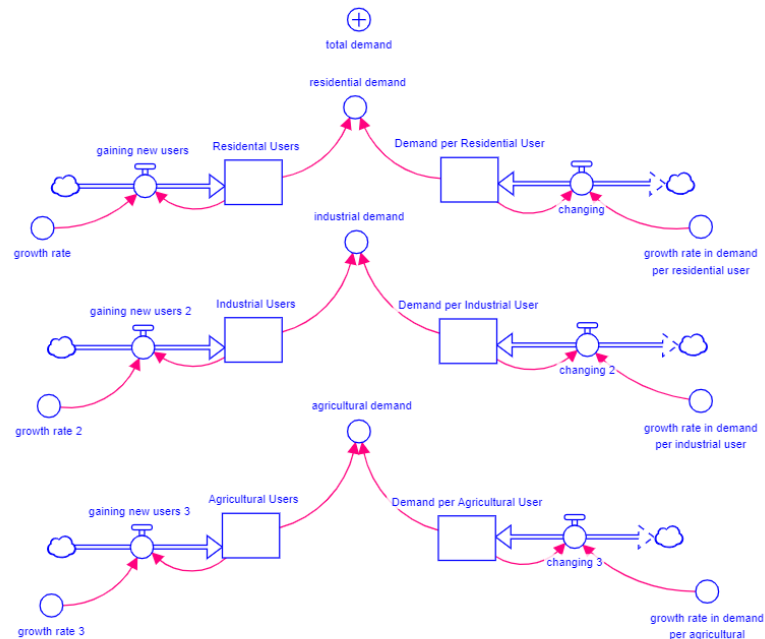


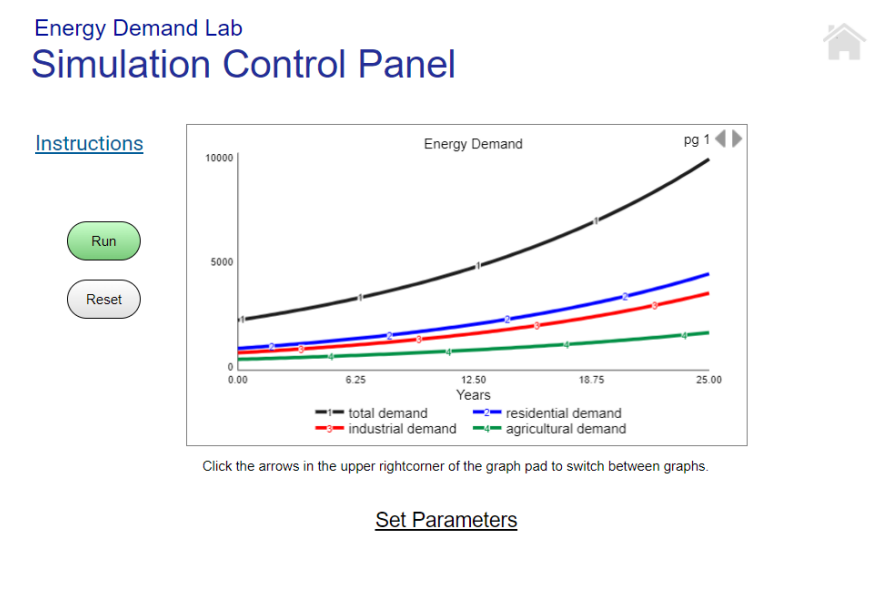


2. Inside a closed system, energy passes from one form to another. The total amount of energy in the system does not change [2].



**Figure 2. System Dynamic Model**

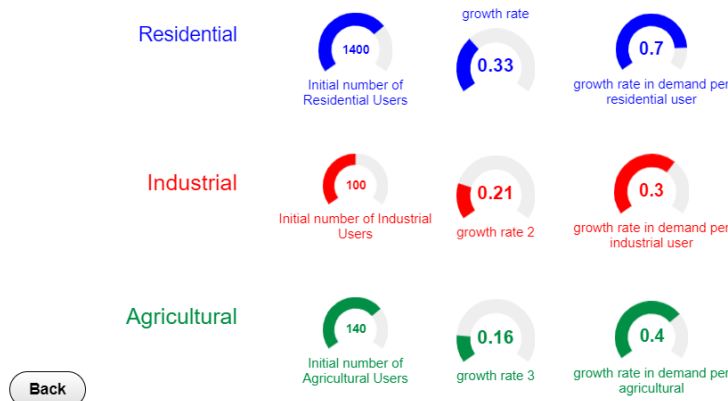
This model explores the demand dynamics for a state's energy usage. For three sectors (residential, industrial, and agricultural) you can adjust the size of initial user base, the growth rate for the number of users, and the rate for the change in demand per user.



**Figure 3. Energy Demand Lab Simulation**

This Energy Demand Laboratory allows you to analyze various energy demand scenarios.

## Set Parameters



**Figure 4. Parameters' Setting**

Use the "Set Parameters" area to set initial numbers of users, user growth rates and changes in demand per user. Then run a simulation to graph the change in total demand over a 25 year period.

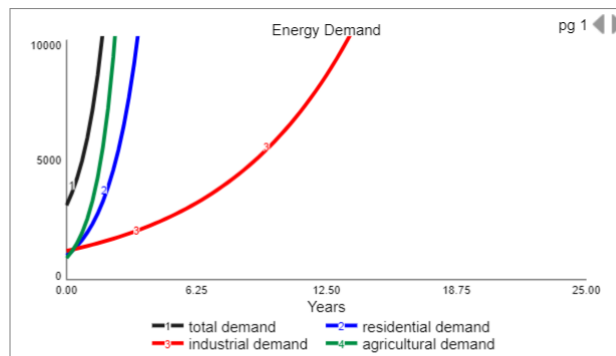
## Energy Demand Lab

### Simulation Control Panel

[Instructions](#)

Run

Reset



Click the arrows in the upper rightcorner of the graph pad to switch between graphs.

[Set Parameters](#)

**Figure 5. Dynamic of variables**

*"Energy is measured not only in joules, but also in courage, ingenuity and progress" Marie Curie.*

**Conclusion.** As for ancient people, so for us, modern consumers, energy is a means of improving the quality of life. We have already realized that any activity, regardless of its nature, involves the use of energy. By nature, a person is physically too weak. But people have the ability to think, and this has allowed them throughout the history of existence to create various devices to use sources of energy more powerful than muscle energy to achieve the desired results with their help.

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