Information technologies at combat against academic plagiarism

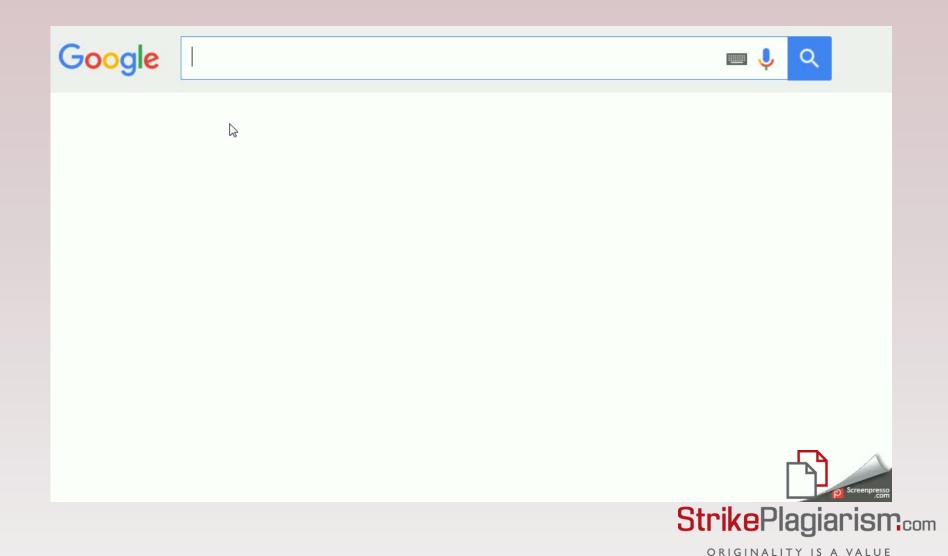


Academic plagiarism

- Internet transferred plagiarism to a new form; made it technological
- «Copy-paste» the most popular method of plagiarising
- «ghost writer» sales of "self-written" papers online
- Real threat to deterioration of quality of education



How fast do you find a paper?



Plagiarism - scale of the phenomena



Germany:

50% of scientific papers contain plagiarised fragments

(2006, research by Dr. John Bleiher, Hamburg)



United Kingdom:

58% of teachers at universities face plagiarism (2008, UK Plagiarism Advisory Service)



Academic dishonesty - the main problem of the academic culture in Ukraine



- 67% students cheat on exams
- 90% students use plagiarism in one form or another

Source: "Ukrainian Academic Culture of the Students: Key Factors of the Formation and Development", Bakirov Vil Savbanovych, Doctor of Social Sciences, academician of NAS of Ukraine, professor, rector of Kharkiv National University named after V.N. Karazin, , president of the NGO "East Foundation for Social Studies", Kyiw 2015.



Models to solve the problem of plagiarism

Great Britain:

Antiplagiarism systems was introduced to the public at British universities in accordance with the government program. After the first 3 years, financing was taken over by the Higher Educational Institutions. Competition on antiplagiarism market.

Slovakia:

Since 2009 all theses have been checked for plagiarism and stored in a digital repository (state system)

Germany:

Absence of the opportunity to use graduates' paperworks in comparative database (the strictest understanding of copyright)

Methods and solutions to defeat academic plagiarism



- ☐ Mandatory verification of all type of student papers, central state decision
- Online publication of all papers at open access sources
- Central repository of papers
- ☐ Information technologies at academic process
- Sustainable and consistent antiplagiarism procedures and regulations at education institutions

Popular information technologies at academic process

- ☐ E-learning devices and software
- LMS Learning Management Systems
- Distant and online learning
- Cloud
- Digital libraries
- Open digital content free for all







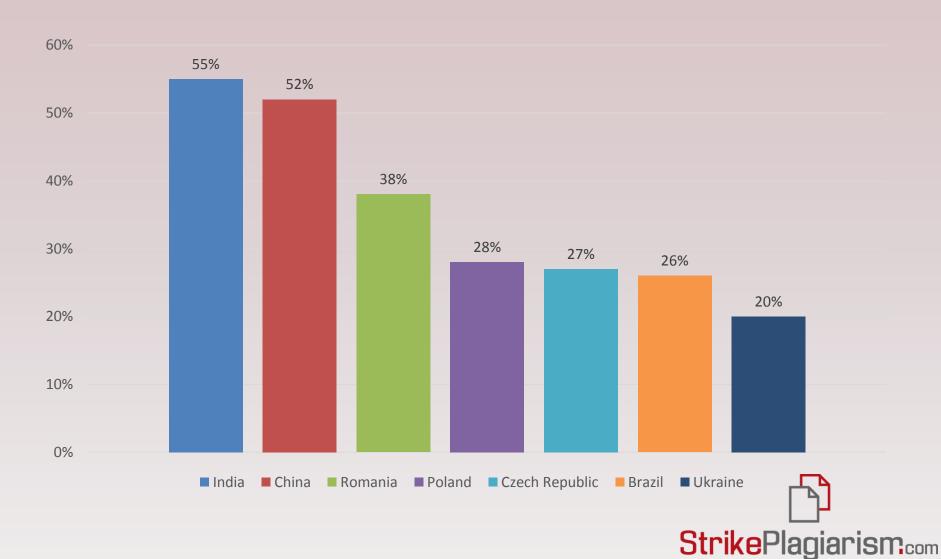
Information technologies at academic process

- ☐ Collaboration of ideas
- Developing research skills individualism
- Prepare students for real world environment
- Easier and fast access and exchange of information
- Digitalization of study material
- Possibility to monitor of education process and evaluate





DYNAMICS OF THE FIVE YEARS GROWTH RATE OF SELF-PACED E-LEARNING BY COUNTRY BY 2015



Individuals using the Internet for seeking information with the purpose of learning

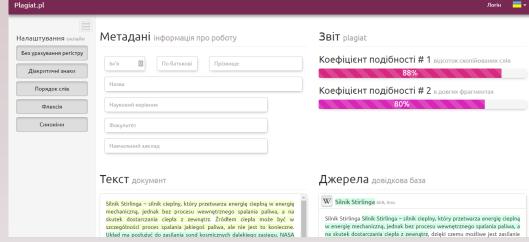


% of individuals aged 16 to 74



Technological innovation of Plagiat.pl

- New antiplagiarism algorithm's specificity:
- 1. Case insensitive
- 2. Strip diacritics
- 3. Ignoring order
- 4. Inflection
- 5. Synonyms
- 6. Translation module to detect plagiarism in translation



Products of Plagiat.pl

☐ Antiplagiarism internet software



☐ Academic archive system



☐ Audit of antiplagiarism procedures



☐ Anti-pirate software for public houses



Plagiat.pl's achievements

☐ More than 10 years at market of antiplagiarism solutions ☐ Providing antiplagiarism software and sustainable procedures for prevention of academic plagiarism ☐ Maintaining more than 250 universities in Poland, Germany, Romania, Columbia, Ukraine, Moldova, Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan and UAE ☐ With support of Plagiat.pl was created central repository for PhD dissertations with a module of antiplagiarism verification ☐ High rating of effectivity of strikeplagiarism system by Prof. Debora Weber-Wulf from HTW Berlin

ORIGINALITY IS A VALUE

Plagiat.pl

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